

#### FERTILIZER USE AND CROP YIELD

To assess inputs/fertilizer use at farm level, an Inputs Use Assessment was carried out during 2018 with the involvement of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP) Agriculture Research and Extension Departments. All national fertilizer companies including Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited, Fatima Fertilizers/Pak Arab Group, and Engro Fertilizers played a vital role in conducting this assessment. A questionnaire was developed in consultation with different stakeholders and farmers' interviews were conducted in twenty-five districts across three Crop Production Zones (CPZs) in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. Overall, >1500 farmers were interviewed in three CPZs of KP. The information through this assessment pertains to the use of various fertilizers, yield of major crops, major soil constraints hampering productivity, and numbers of farmers availing soil and water testing facility in each CPZ of KP. The validation of such trends in each district/CPZ was based on field surveys, follow up interviews, and interaction with the farmers during commodity based workshops and discussions with public and private sector experts/individuals. The data collected through this Inputs Use Assessment is used to prepare fertilizer use maps and/or infographs for major crops across CPZs. The trends of average crop(s) yield under different fertilizer use scenarios obtained by the interviewed farmers are described. The use of potassium (K) and/or micronutrients and organic sources of nutrients in appropriate combination(s)

KEY INDICATORS

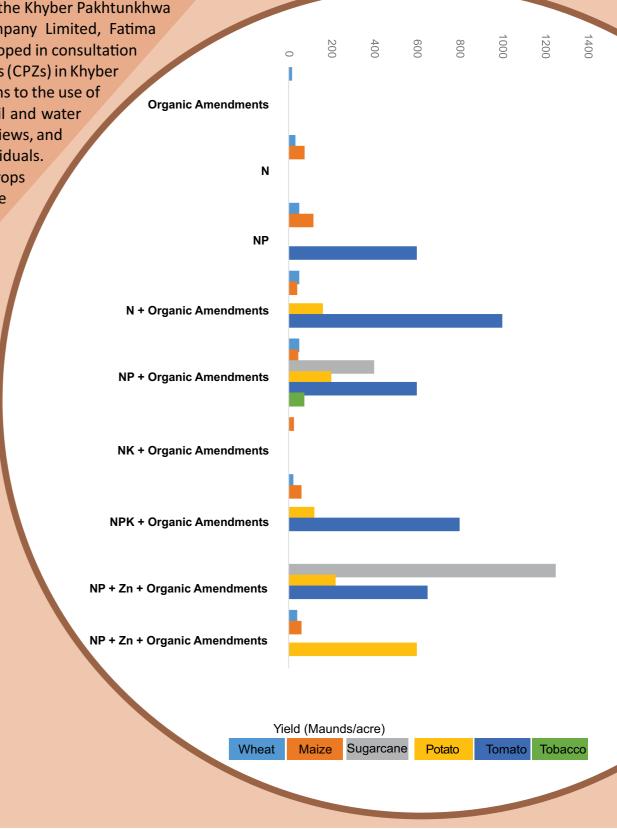
- · Major crops grown by Farmers
- · Yield of major crops
- · Farm Size
- Crop-wise use of fertilizers (Inorganic/chemical fertilizers)

along with N and P is recommended for achieving optimal crop

productivity under the prevailing agro-climatic conditions in

- o Crop-wise use of Urea
- o Crop-wise use of Di-ammonium Phosphate (DAP)
- Crop-wise use of Sulphate of Potash (SOP) and Muriate of Potash (MOP)
- o Crop-wise use of organic source of nutrients/FYM
- Farmers availing soil and water test facilities

Laboratory Analysis <ul><li>Soil Test</li><li>Water Test</li></ul>	Percent Farmers 20% 8%
Major Problems Soil Water Constraints	>71%
<ul> <li>Water Scarcity</li> <li>Salinity</li> <li>Sodicity</li> <li>Non Soil Water Constration</li> <li>Pest/Diseases</li> <li>Seed Quality</li> <li>Agri Loan</li> <li>Others</li> <li>Satisfied with Fertilization</li> <li>Prices</li> <li>Satisfied with Commodity Prices</li> </ul>	60% >68% >34%
Use of Organic Source  Wheat  Maize  Tomato  Tobacco  Sugarcane  Potato  Other Crops	62% 38% 64% 100% 100% 90% 43%









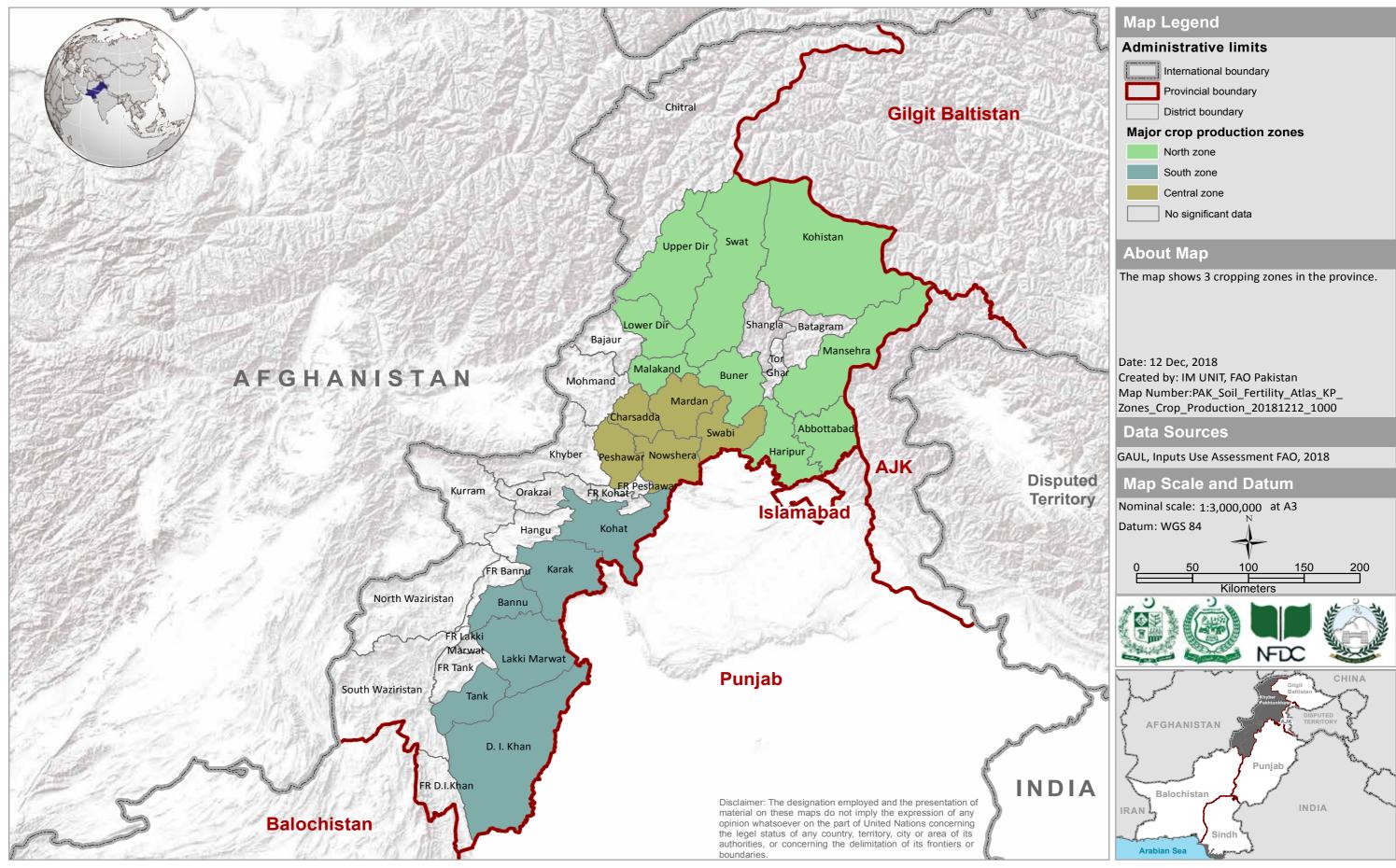






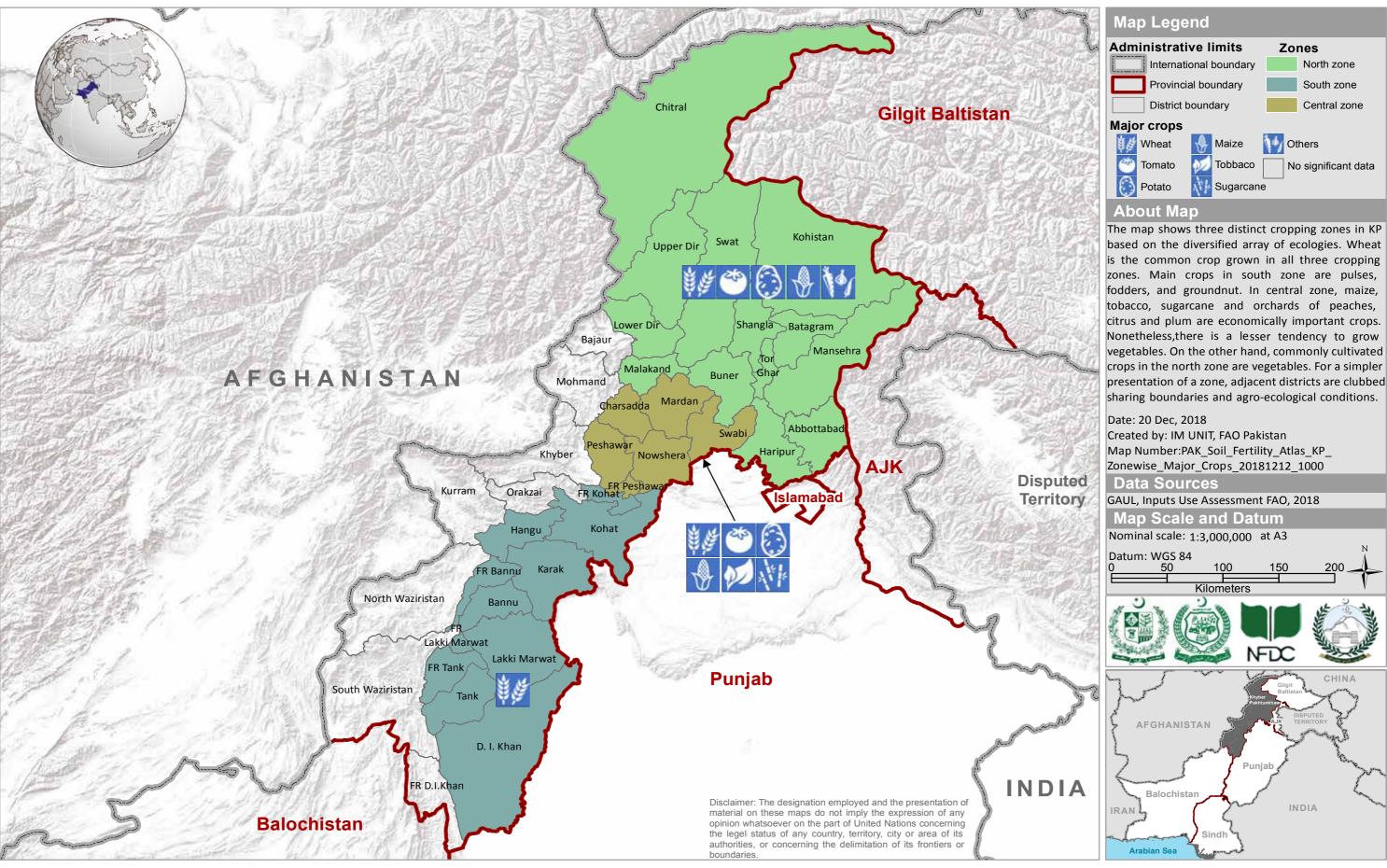
## MAJOR CROP PRODUCTION ZONES IN KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA





### ZONE WISE MAJOR CROPS IN KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA

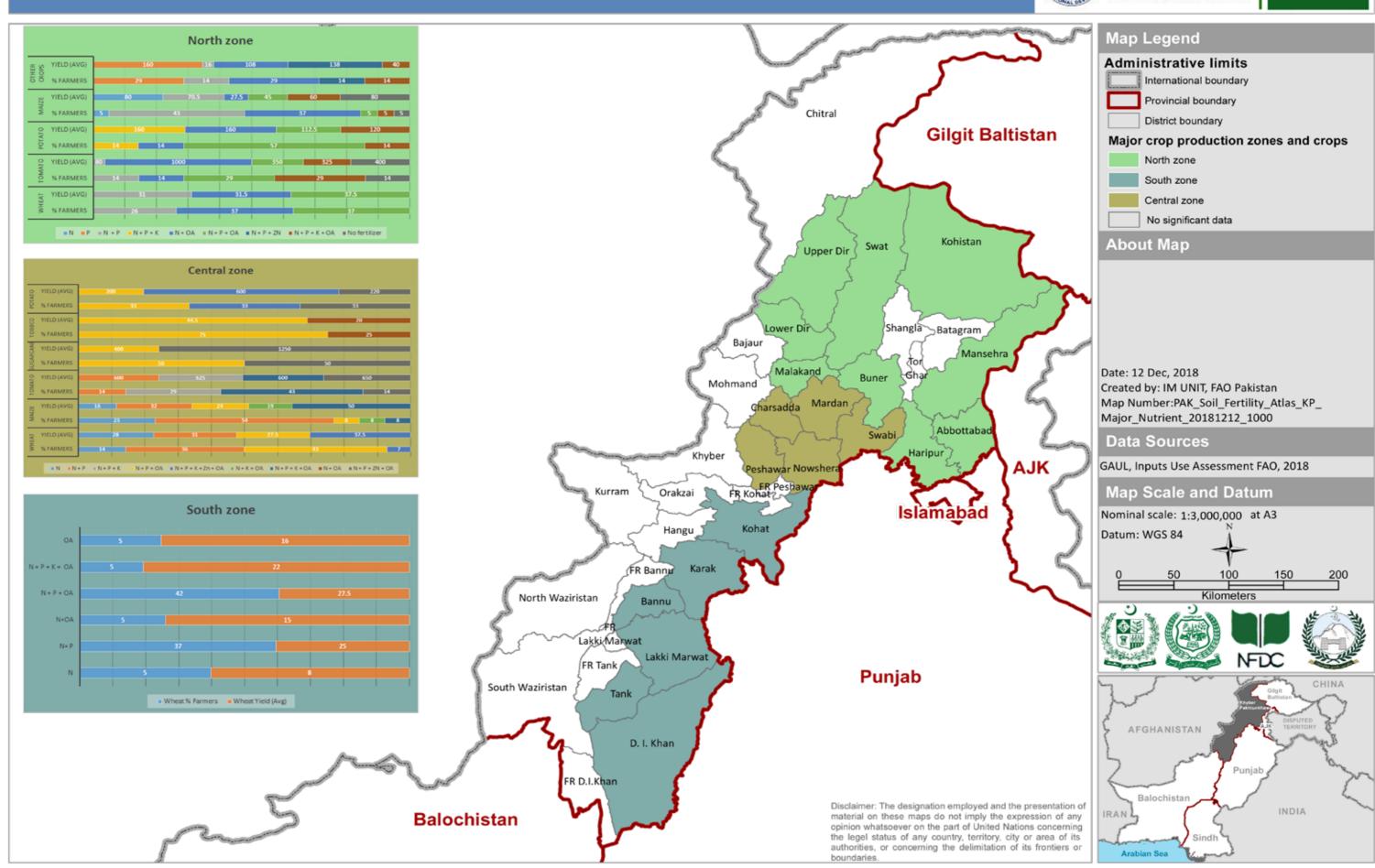




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## MAJOR NUTRIENTS USE SCENARIO AND CROP YIELDS





# MAJOR NON SOIL AND WATER RELATED CONSTRAINTS IN KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA



